

F 68271.  
Inaction

20 May 1968

RECORDED FOR FBI WIRELESS  
SUBJECT: Robert Charles CHARLES

MURKIN'S 116273

FBI - NEW YORK 9110273

b. On 29 April 1968 Mr. John McNeek, Executive Secretary to Senator George McGovern, informed Mr. Dwyer that he had been asked by Senator Charles to see him at his office in New York City (and had just arrived in New York). A man named Charles, aged about 40, was described as being 5' 8", dark hair, dark eyes, wearing a light-colored suit, white shirt and tie, identifying Charles as a man of great political influence (McNeek), recommending Charles as a man of great importance to the U.S. Congress in view of the events in South America, and described as President of the New Commercial Port of Chile, the 10th largest industrial port in South America, and as the head of Chile's Freeport and Industrial Power. Mr. McNeek advised that the Red Chinese had invited Mr. Charles to Chile to conduct business in order to obtain more background information and an appointment on Charles.

c. On 1 May (3 May), McNeek advised that Charles was staying at the Park Charter Hotel, New York, and that he had telephoned his wife since her name had been supplied to him by Dwyer. Charles confirmed her to be his person of contact in Washington. According to Mr. McNeek, Charles had representatives to see Vice Chairman Johnson, Senator Paulsen, and Congressman Rogers (Vermont). However, Charles was willing to talk to any representative of the AFL-CIO's office. Mrs. McNeek stated that the Chilean fleet was to go to New York to talk to Charles and invited AFL to accompany him. Charles speaks very little English and a interpreter in French was therefore required for the interview. Mrs. McNeek stated that she might be able to obtain a French interpreter from the Army, Congress's Hospital, but it would not be an intelligence officer. It was decided that James Dwyer, New York Office, who has a knowledge of the Spanish language would accompany the AFL representative rather than another. It was also arranged that Dwyer would meet the AFL representative (Captain Rogers) at the Park Charter Hotel where Charles was staying.

d. On 2 May 1968, McNeek reported that Col. Scott had telephoned Mr. Dwyer in New York City. Scott had complimented Charles on his book on Chile. Charles, according to Dwyer, formerly held no political positions but in view of the current political situation in Chile, Charles now thinks that he may have day to get involved. Dwyer described Charles as well-educated, politically and financially, on both sides of the fence in Chile. He is also a good friend of Senator Borodow. Dwyer had given Charles letters of introduction to Senator Kerrey and other candidates in Washington. Charles wanted to see President Kennedy and indeed had gone to the White House to interview him - an appointment. It was well received by the President's assistant secretary and invited to dinner that evening with the administration.

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CONTINUED: Continued Growth Committee

everyday. Through a classmate's father, Charles G. and  
I would be able to get to his home frequently.

A. *Convolvulus* (Convolvulaceae) - *C. sepium* with a Cyste  
germinating quickly, the roots and stem do not develop  
with the leaves until the roots have got into the soil.

5. On 3 May 1944 Major General Frankford telephoned to a citizen that he had had a three-hour conference the previous day with Charles and that he had exchanged with him personally data and views by telephone on whom and what United States should be in the current Hitlerite government. Major General Frankford advised that he was communicating the information to Washington, advised that he was communicating the information to Washington, when arrival, copies of the telephone note transmitted to both (Gen. Frankford), Lt. Division, and the Radio Section Branch.

6. On 6 May 63 Mrs. Charles, for part French, advised that the W.I. Division wished to meet at Charles and Biddle's hotel to discuss an appointment. Mrs. McNease telephoned at approximately 2:30 P.M. to advise that she had just received a telephone call from Mrs. de Malmeny about setting up time for a conference hotel reservation in Washington. Upon being told that we had no special needs of obtaining reservations, Mrs. McNease stated that she would check with the State Department Protocol Office to determine what hours would be available for guests. Mrs. McNease finally made arrangements at the Alden Hotel. A check with Mr. Davis revealed that he had arranged for Charles to meet the W.I. representatives in the lobby of the Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C., at 12:00 noon on 7 May. Attempts to reach Mrs. McNease this afternoon were unsuccessful. At 6:00 P.M., 7 May, a call was made to Mrs. McNease to confirm that Charles would be in Washington on that day and that arrangements had been made for a meeting with an Agency representative for 12:00 noon. Mrs. McNease reported that both Mrs. de Malmeny and Charles had called her that previous evening to confirm a 12:00 noon appointment with Mrs. McNease this morning that she and Army would not be working at cross purposes. She had received an invitation from ACHI to meet Charles at Biddle and Biddle that it would not be politic for her to withdraw from her engagement unless Army could meet her at the point of contact with Charles. Mrs. Charles informed W.I. Division of the conflict and based on the suggestion that the W.I. Division's representative might meet Charles and Mrs. McNease as soon as their representation concluded the other and reported that a meeting later in the afternoon be arranged. Mrs. McNease believed that due to conflicting schedules, she had been placed in the middle in the situation from which she could not gracefully withdraw and requested that someone accompany her.

CONFIDENTIAL

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CIRCUIT CLERK'S OFFICE  
CHARLES J. CHARLES

7. I met Mr. Charles in the lobby of the Hotel Statler shortly before noon, and a few minutes later, Mr. Charles arrived, accompanied by Mr. Carl H. Kellack, his business agent. We went to the office maintained by Mr. Kellack. Mr. Kellack informed me that Mr. Charles had been born in Italy, Sicily, and that he had been educated in Sicily and then came to America and a while ago had obtained citizenship. He was in New York prior to April 1939 and had been a member of the FBI from November 1937 until his departure and had been assigned to the visitors department at the time. He had written to Captain Clegg and applied to that office, which application he had accepted. His place of residence, Bronx, New York, for many and his last case handling experience, Mrs. G. H. Hammon, who was in Section 100. This office was given him and has never changed, and the knowledge he has from a former assignment. Mr. Kellack said he understood that he had been Charles' supervisor and that he is a partner with him in a small business in Italy.

8. Both Charles and Mr. Kellack left my office to arrange meetings with Government officials in Washington. It was mentioned to Charles that a meeting had been arranged for him at FBI and that Mr. Coffey would meet him in the lobby. At 1:00 P.M. Coffey, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hammon, and I departed and Charles remained in the lobby waiting for contact.

9. In the course of the luncheon conversation, Charles had mentioned to Mrs. Coffey that he desired to see Mr. Vice, A.D.A., to discuss his aid to Italy. After the afternoon fire, Coffey called to state that the D.A. called the State Department to go along Charles' request. Mr. Coffey (State) has called her back to pass on the Italian Ambassador's credentials and agrees in the United States Government should be an official contact with Charles. She feels no consideration Charles to be close to the Foreign Government, to have been involved in several shady financial dealings, and in general, to be an undesirable character. Mrs. Coffey asked whether the Agency had any interest in Charles which would dictate further contact with Coffey.

10. Mrs. Coffey advised with Mr. Kellack and determined that as a result of the meeting with Charles, the FBI Section Back had no further plans to contact him. I told Mrs. Coffey that our interests seemed to have been enlisted and that I believed we should disengage ourselves as carefully as possible.

(S) [initials]

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11. George H. Lee, P-2 Coordinator, called on 7 May to inquire concerning our developments in the Charles case. He stated that he had called his colleague that day to advise him that Agent Lee had advised in Charles case that it was necessary as an intermediary of the subject of Charles, Johnson also had passed the lead to General Ulrich. This was confirmed later due to the man to be responsible to the Chairman, whom he had been unable to name this day. It had been learned by Lee that Lee had contacted CIA contacts with Charles. It appeared to him that the information had been passed and he had no reason to doubt that Lee was completely satisfied in the way the matter had been handled.

12. On 9 May Mr. McLean telephoned to advise that the Congressional Friends of AEC was discussing the Charles case with P-2 to determine future course of action, since the still remains concerned over our position in the case when Charles considered his to be the final point in Washington. I explained to him that the matter was one for others, the State Department or the operational elements to handle and that we preferred to discuss ourselves. Mr. McLean mentioned that a General had been referred to the effect that in view of Charles was previously mentioned as a contact, to General should the letter be forwarded. On one of the opinion that the J. Government should continue to "play ball" with Charles as a former agent in British service.

A. D. CHARLES

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